

designwerk

## Rugs "Oria"

Our rugs "Oria" are real works of art! They not only provide a decorative feature for your living space but they are also wonderfully varied in terms of their design: sleek, plain, shimmery, round, rectangular, large, small… the list is endless. This unique designwerk furnishing style is characterised by its pared-down design, natural colours and passion for nature.



## Details









# varied.

## Shapes & colours











400x300 cm
Item number:
D901205 (Anthracite)
D901305 (Grey)
D901405 (White)
D901505 (Beige)
D901605 (Taupe)
D901705 (Brown/Green)
D901805 (Copper)

350x250 cm
Item number:
D901204 (Anthracite)
D901304 (Grey)
D901404 (White)
D901504 (Beige)
D901604 (Taupe)
D901704 (Brown/Green)
D901804 (Copper)

290x190 cm
Item number:
D900203 (Anthracite)
D900303 (Grey)
D900403 (White)
D900503 (Beige)
D900603 (Taupe)
D900703 (Brown/Green)
D900803 (Copper)

230x160 cm
Item number:
D900202 (Anthracite)
D900302 (Grey)
D900402 (White)
D900502 (Beige)
D900602 (Taupe)
D900702 (Brown/Green)
D900802 (Copper)

Ø 250 cm
Item number:
D901201 (Anthracite)
D901301 (Grey)
D901401 (White)
D901501 (Beige)
D901601 (Taupe)
D901701 (Brown/Green)
D901801 (Copper)







Grey



White



Beige



Taupe



Brown/Dark Green

## Properties & notes

All our rugs are made of 100% viscose and are 100% handmade in India.

To ensure that you can enjoy your carpet for as long as possible, we recommend that you follow our care and cleaning instructions.

We recommend that you vacuum your new carpet every day for the first few weeks and that you ventilate the room well on the first few days.

Please also note the following information:

#### **Material**

Viscose rugs must be treated gently. Do not use a hard brush to remove stains. Viscose carpets can easily be damaged with too much water. For this reason, it is important to ensure that as little water as possible is used during cleaning, otherwise there is a risk that the carpet may become deformed or sustain water stains.

#### Waves

Any waves and wrinkles that may be present will disappear after a short period of time. In this case, we recommend that you roll the carpet up again in the opposite direction and, if possible, leave it like this for a few hours before laying it out again. It is also helpful to weigh down the rolled-out carpet with an object in the relevant places.

#### New smell

The new smell will disappear after a few days. We recommend that you ventilate the room well for a few days. The fumes do not pose a health risk. All of our carpets are produced in accordance with the REACH regulation and therefore do not contain any substances that are hazardous to your health.

#### Linting

Due to production reasons, your carpet may initially lint a little. This will be minimized after a few vacuuming processes. Please note: with carpets made of wool, acrylic and viscose, lint is a typical product characteristic due to the very smooth fibers. With these materials, lint formation will be significantly reduced over the course of their service life.

### Care instructions

In order to preserve the value of your carpet and to guarantee it a long life, it is important to vacuum it daily or regularly. Apparent dirt such as dust particles or animal hair can be easily removed if they have not yet settled too deeply into the fabric. Care must be taken that the vacuum cleaner is used without a brush attachment in order not to damage the fibres.

It is important that the carpet is treated immediately if it gets dirty. When cleaning, a white cloth should generally be used and the surfaces dabbed and not rubbed. This process must be repeated until the stain is no longer visible. It is important also not to use too much water when cleaning. Too much water can lead to deformation or water stains.

Before cleaning, first try out the selected method on a very small part of the carpet to see if it's suitable. In addition, always treat from the outside in, i.e. from the edge of the stain to the middle.

#### Types of stain and appropriate cleaning methods

#### Red wine, coke, beer, cocoa

First dab the carpet with an absorbent cloth to take as much of the liquid off as possible. Then carefully soak the stain with some carbonated mineral water and dab again. Repeat this process a few times if necessary until the stain is completely removed. Dab and do not rub so that, for example, the red wine does not penetrate deeper into the fabric.

#### Coffee

First dab the carpet with an absorbent cloth to take as much of the liquid off as possible. Then carefully soak the stain with some carbonated mineral water and dab again. Repeat this process a few times if necessary until the stain is completely removed. Do not rub hard, or the coffee may penetrate deeper into the fabric. It is important that at the end the moisture is taken off with a dry cloth.

#### Chewing gum

Chewing gum stains are to be treated with ice cubes. First, cover the affected area with ice cubes, leave them on for a half hour or until the chewing gum has hardened. The harder the chewing gum is, the easier it is to remove, for example, by carefully scraping it off the with a scraper or with a similar instrument.

#### Wax

For wax stains, first harden the affected area with ice cubes. Then place blotting paper on the waxed area and carefully iron over the paper until the melted wax is completely soaked up. Take care that the iron is not too hot, otherwise there is a risk of melting the synthetic fibres.

#### Ketchup, Mustard, Curry, Milk and Jams

Soak the affected area with water. After soaking, clean the stain with warm soapy water. Care must be taken not to apply the soap directly to the carpet, but to mix it with water first.

#### Ink

Ink stains are best treated with shaving cream. To do this, spray the shaving cream onto the stain and lather with a little water. After a few minutes, carefully dab the area with a clean, dry washcloth. If the ink stain is not yet gone, the shaving cream may have been removed too soon to have time to work. Repeat the process again and leave the shaving cream to work a little longer.

#### Chocolate

Chocolate stains are to be treated with ice cubes. Firstly, put some ice cubes on the stain and leave them there for a half hour. Then gently scrape off the top layer of the stain with a scraper or a similar instrument. Then dab off the residues several times with lukewarm water. Repeat this process until there is no more residue.

## Care instructions

#### Honey

Honey stains must be treated immediately so that the stain does not harden. Dab the stain several times with lukewarm water and then dry the damp area.

#### **Grease stains**

Grease stains are treated with traditional flour. Cover the stain with a small heap of flour and leave for 15 minutes. Once this time have passed, clean the area with a vacuum cleaner. If the stain is still visible, the flour may not have been left long enough to work. Repeat the process, leaving the flour on the stain for a longer period of time.

#### **Fruit stains**

Fruit stains must be treated quickly as they are very stubborn. Use commercially available glass cleaner and spray on the affected area. Once this is absorbed into the carpet, wait a few minutes before dabbing the spot with a clean and dry cloth. If the stain is visible, the glass cleaner may not have had enough time to work. Repeat the process but leave the glass cleaner to work for a bit longer.